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QUALIFICATIONS: BACHELOR OF REGIONAL AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT BACHELOR OF TOWN AND REGIONAL PLANNING	
QUALIFICATION Code: 07BRAR & 07BTAR	LEVEL: 6
COURSE: RURAL DEVELOPMENT TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES	COURSE CODE: RDT620S
DATE: JANUARY 2019	SESSION: 2
DURATION: 3 Hours	MARKS: 100

SECOND OPPORTUNITY/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Mr. Laudika J. Kandjinga/061 207 2672/ lkandjinga@nust.na
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**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 3 PAGES
(Including this front page)**

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Read the entire question paper before answering the questions.
2. Answer **ALL** the questions (you may start with any question of your choice).
3. Please write clearly and legibly.
4. Number the answers clearly.
5. Make sure your Student Number is on the EXAMINATION BOOK(s).

Question 1

Explain the following concepts/terms/exercises:

- (a) Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA). (2)
- (b) Rapid Rural Appraisal (RRA). (3)
- (c) Triangulation as a core principle of RRA. (3)
- (d) Historical timeline. (2)
- (e) Village Resource Mapping. (3)
- (f) Wealth Ranking. (3)

[16]

Question 2

Briefly distinguish between the use of the RRA in the following project stages:

- (a) Pre-project (2)
- (b) Mid-project (3)
- (c) End of project. (2)

[7]

Question 3

- (a) Briefly explain a 'Transect Walk' as one of the PRA tools. (2)
- (b) Outline seven key important questions to guide a Transect Walk Tool. (7)
- (c) Demonstrate the detailed steps for conducting a Transect Walk in a rural village. (13)

[22]

Question 4

- (a) Differentiate between two 'sources of questions' in social surveys and provide a clear example of each. (10)
- (b) Discuss the main critical population issues/questions that need to be considered when deciding on a social survey method. (10)

(c) Explain the sampling issues to consider when selecting a survey method. (8)

(d) Identify five disadvantages of conducting personal interviews in a social survey. (5)

[33]

Question 5

Elaborate the 'implementation phases' of conducting a workshop. (8)

[8]

Question 6

(a) Discuss why stakeholder analysis is important in a project/ programme? (7)

(b) The third step/stage/procedure of conducting a quantitative stakeholder analysis is the *Interview Questionnaire and Protocol*. Describe the protocol that must be considered at this stage. (7)

[14]

TOTAL = 100